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Edinburgh, October 3.

THis being the Day appointed for the meeting of the Parliament, his Grace *James* Duke of *Queensberry*, Her Majesty's High Commissioner, came to the Parliament-House, where his Grace's Commission was read, and recorded, as usual. After which Her Majesty's Letter to the Parliament was read, as follows:

ANNE R.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

SInce your last Meeting We did Nominate Commissioners to treat of an Union betwixt Our Two Kingdoms of Scotland *and* England, *and by their great Care and Diligence a Treaty is happily concluded and laid before Us.*

We have called you together as soon as Our Affairs could permit, that the Treaty may be under your Consideration, in pursuance of the Act made in the last Session of Our Parliament there; and We hope the Terms will be acceptable to you.

The Union has been long desired by both Nations, and We shall esteem it as the greatest Glory of Our Reign to have it now perfected; being fully perswaded, That it must prove the greatest Happiness of Our People.

An entire and perfect Union will be the solid Foundation of lasting Peace: It will secure your Religion, Liberty and Property; remove the Animosities amongst your selves, and the Jealousies and Differences betwixt Our Two Kingdoms: It must encrease your Strength, Riches and Trade; and by this Union the whole Island, being joined in Affection, and free from all Apprehension of different Interests, will be enabled to resist all its Enemies, support the Protestant Interest every where, and maintain the Liberties of Europe.

We do upon this Occasion renew the Assurances We have formerly given you, of Our Resolution to maintain the Government of the Church as by Law established in Scotland: *And the Acts of both Parliaments upon which this Treaty proceeded, having reserved their respective Governments of the Church in each Kingdom, the Commissioners have left that Matter entire; and you have now an Opportunity for doing what may be necessary for Security of your present Church-Government, after the Union, within the Limits of* Scotland.

The Support of Our Government, and your own Safety, does require that you do make necessary Provision for maintaining the Forces, Ships and Garisons, until the Parliament of Great Britain *shall provide for these Ends in the United Kingdom.*

We have made Choice of Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, James *Duke of* Queensberry, *to be Our Commissioner, and Represent Our Royal Person, being well satisfied with his Fitness for that Trust, from the Experience We have of his Capacity, Zeal and Fidelity to Our Service, and the Good of his Country; which, as it has determined Us in the Choice, We doubt not but it will make him acceptable to you.*

We have fully instructed him in all Things We think may fall under your Consideration, and seems to be necessary at present: Therefore We desire that you may give entire Trust and Credit to him.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

It cannot but be an Encouragement to you to finish the Union at this Time, that God Almighty has blessed Our Arms, and those of Our Allies, with so great Success, which gives Us the nearer Prospect of a happy Peace, and with it you will have the full Possession of all the Advantages of this Union; and you have no Reason to doubt but the Parliament of England *will do what is necessary on their Part, after the Readiness they have shown to remove what might obstruct the entring on the Treaty. We most earnestly Recommend to you Calmness and Unanimity in this Great and Weighty Affair, that the Union may be brought to a happy Conclusion; being the only effectual Way to secure your present and future Happiness, and to disappoint the Designs of Our and your Enemies, who will doubtless, on this Occasion, use their utmost Endeavours to prevent or delay this Union, which must so much contribute to Our Glory, and the Happiness of Our People. And so We bid you heartily farewel.*

Given at Our Court at *Windsor-Castle* the Thirty first Day of *July*, 1706. and of Our Reign the Fifth Year.

By Her Majesty's Command,

MAR.

And then his Grace the Lord High Commissioner, and the Lord Chancellor, made the following Speeches.

The Speech of his Grace *James* Duke of *Queensberry*, Her Majesty's High Commissioner to the Parliament of *Scotland*.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

HER Majesty by Her Gracious Letter has acquainted you, That the Treaty of Union between the Kingdoms of Scotland *and* England *(pursuant to an Act made in your last Session) has been happily agreed on, which is now in my Lord Register's Hands, ready to be laid before you.*

The Lords Commissioners for this Kingdom have been diligent and zealous in concerting just and reasonable Terms; and it must be acknowledged we met with a very fair and friendly Disposition in the Lords Commissioners on the other Part.

The Treaty has with all Humility been presented to the Queen, and was most graciously received; and though no Reign was ever so truly great for wise and steady Councils, and so many important Successes, as that of Her Majesty, yet you see She is pleased to esteem the perfecting of this Union as the greatest Glory of Her Reign, being the most solid Foundation of a lasting Security to the Protestant Religion, and the Liberties of Europe, *and of Peace and Happiness to Her People.*

These Reasons I doubt not will make the Treaty acceptable to you; and I perswade my self, that you will proceed with such Calmness and Impartiality as the Weight of the Subject requires, and as becomes so great an Assembly.

The Lords Commissioners for both Kingdoms were limited in the Matter of Church Government, for the Security of Presbyterian Government in this Church: You have the Laws already made for its Establishment, the Queen's repeated Assurances to preserve it; and I am impowered to consent to what may be further necessary after the Union.

Her Majesty has been pleased to Recommend to you to make Provision for the Forces, Ships and Garisons, which is very necessary; the Subsidies granted at your last Meeting being run out: So I doubt not you will speedily renew them.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I am not insensible of the Difficulties that attend the weighty Character it has pleased Her Majesty to honour me with; but with your favourable Assistance (upon which I very much rely) I hope, by my Zeal and Fidelity for Her Majesty's Service, and the Good of my Country, which are inseparable, to discharge my Duty in this extraordinary Occasion.

The

The Speech of *James* Earl of *Seafield*, Lord High Chancellor to the Parliament of *Scotland*.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

IT hath been, and is, the great Happiness of this Nation, That the Queen, our Sovereign, hath always made it the chief Design of Her Reign, to protect Her Subjects in the Enjoyment of all their Rights and Privileges, to promove their Good, and to establish their Peace and Prosperity upon sure and lasting Foundations.

For these Ends Her Majesty, in Her most Gracious Letter, doth with great Earnestness recommend to you the Concluding of the Union of the Two Kingdoms, and has plainly and fully laid before you the great Advantages that this Union must bring with it to all Britain, *and in particular to this Kingdom.*

The Lords Commissioners named by Her Majesty for this Kingdom, to treat of this Union, have endeavoured to discharge this great Trust with all Fidelity, and have agreed to such Terms and Conditions as, I hope, shall be found just, honourable and advantagious. The Treaty has been already received very graciously by Her Majesty, and is now ready to be reported to you for your Consideration.

I do not think it proper at this Time to descend into the particular Articles of the Treaty: I shall only beg Leave to say in general, That it must be of great Advantage to have this whole Island unite under one Government, and conjoined entirely in Interest and Affection, having Equality of all Rights and Privileges, with a free Communication and Intercourse of Trade, which must certainly establish our Security, augment our Strength, and encrease our Trade and Riches.

We can never expect a more favourable Juncture for compleating this Union than at present, when Her Majesty has not only recommended it, but declared, That She will esteem it the greatest Glory of Her Reign to have it perfected; and when the Parliament of England *has shewn their Inclinations for it, by removing all those Obstacles that did lie in the way of the Treaty: And it must also be acknowledged, That the Lords Commissioners for* England *did testify their good Disposition all along in this Affair: And the great and glorious Successes wherewith God has blessed Her Majesty's Arms, and those of Her Allies, give us the Hope of a near and advantagious Peace, whereby we will be put in the Possession, and attain to the full Enjoyment, of all the Liberties and Privileges of Trade now offered by the Treaty.*

The Commissioners of both sides have only treated of such things as concern the Civil Government, Liberties, Privileges, Trade, and Taxes, but found themselves limited as to the Church Government, that being reserved to each Kingdom by the respective Acts of Parliament upon which the Treaty proceeded: And you have now not only the Laws already made, with Her Majesty's most gracious repeated Assurances, for maintaining and continuing Presbyterian Church Government within this Kingdom, but this further Opportunity of making such Conditions and Provisions as shall be found necessary for its Security, after the Conclusion of this Union, within the Limits of Scotland.

Her Majesty recommends to you to provide the necessary Supplies for the Troops, Garisons, and Ships: The Funds formerly given are expired; and therefore I doubt not but you will easily comply with what is so plainly necessary for the Preservation of the Publick Safety, and preventing the Designs of Enemies now in Time of War.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Since we have now the Opportunity of establishing for our selves and our Posterity, by this Union with England, *all that concerns our Religion and Liberties, together with the most valuable Privileges of Trade, I am hopeful that you will proceed to the Consideration of the Articles of the Treaty, in such manner as shall bring it to the desired Conclusion; and it cannot but tend to the lasting Honour of this Session of Parliament, to have so happily finished this most important and weighty Matter.*

His Grace the Lord High Commissioner was attended in his going to the Parliament-House by most of the Nobility, Barons, and Members of Parliament, as he was likewise in his Return to Her Majesty's Palace of *Holy-Rood-House*; where his Grace gave them a noble Entertainment.

Vienna, Oct. 5. N. S. Count Zinzendorf, Chancellor of the Court to the Emperor, set out from hence yesterday towards Francfort. Letters from Hungary give an Account, That General Staremberg being marched from Comorra, with the Imperial Army under his Command, came the 25th of the last Month before Neudorf, a Fort in the possession of the Malecontents, within a German Mile of Gran, and situated on the Banks of the Danube, which they had made very strong, to secure a Passage over that River. The Imperialists raised Batteries against this Fort; but finding it would take up too much time to besiege it, they resolved to take it by Storm, which was accordingly performed the 27th about 5 in the Morning, when our Troops assaulting the Garison in 6 several Places at once, beat the Enemy from their Works in less than half an Hour, and put most of them to the Sword; the rest were made Prisoners of War, among whom is their Commander in chief, a French Officer, named Chassan. The next Day the Army marched forward towards Gran, in order to retake that Place, of which the Malecontents had possessed themselves about 10 or 12 Days before. General Rabutin came the 13th past between Gasprin and Gingisch, which Places the Malecontents had abandoned, as they had likewise done Misgoz and Annoth, having first removed their Magazines of Provisions: He continued his March in order to join General Staremberg. Czacki, one of the Generals of the Malecontents, is assembling a Body of Troops on the Borders of Transilvania, with intent, as he gives out, to attack Giula.

Leipsick, October 13. Count Wratislau arrived here yesterday from Vienna, being sent by the Emperor to the King of Sweden, to represent some Matters to his Majesty, upon the Occasion of his being entred with his Army into Saxony. His Swedish Majesty demands a Contribution of 500000 Dollars a Month, to be paid him by this Electorate, towards the Subsistence of his Troops; and it is said he intends to winter in these Parts.

Francfort, October 13. The Marshal de Villars has sent most of his Horse into Winter Quarters; the remainder, together with all his Foot, are still encamped within their Lines. The Imperial Troops continue in their former Posts, part of them on the other side of the Rhine, and the rest in the Lines of Stolhoffen. The Imperial and French Commissioners who met at Offenbourg, to regulate Matters for the Exchange of Prisoners, have concluded a Cartel for that purpose; a Copy of which is sent to Prince Lewis, and another to the Marshal de Villars, for their Approbation. The Saxon and Muscovite Troops that retired out of Saxony, upon the Swedish Army's entring into that Electorate, are come into the Neighbourhood of Heidelberg. Letters from Italy say, That the Duke of Savoy was besieging Pavia with part of the Confederate Army; and that Prince Eugene was marching with the rest in pursuit of General Medavi, who, with the Troops under his Command, was retiring into the Mantuan.

From the Duke of Marlborough's Camp at Cambron, October 18. The Army commanded by my Lord Duke of Marlborough continues in its former Camp, from whence his Grace has detached Major-General Murray, with 6 Battalions of Foot, which marched yesterday, with a Regiment of Horse, from Audenarde to Deynse, where they will be joined by 4 Battalions more from Ghent, and they are to march together to Courtray, to repair the Fortifications of that Place, and to remain there in Garison during the Winter. This Day a Party of our Hussars met with a Party of their Countrymen in the Enemy's Service, whom they attacked and defeated, having killed several, and taken a Captain, 12 Men, and 20 Horses, and pursued the rest to the Gates of Mons.

Hague, October 19. *N. S.* The Army commanded by his Grace the Duke of Marlborough continues encamped in the Plain of Cambron, and, as is said, will march towards the end of this Month to Hall, from whence the Troops will be sent into Winter Quarters. The States of Holland and Westfriseland are to meet to Morrow, to finish the Matters before them, which relate chiefly to the settling of Funds for carrying on the War the next Year. Letters from France bring an Account of Prince Eugene's having taken Picighittone; and add, That the Detachment of French Troops which the Duke of Orleans had sent towards the Valley of Aousta, in order to open a Passage that way into Piedmont, having found the Passes so well guarded by the Confederate Troops, that it was impossible for them to put that Design in execution, were returned to their former Quarters.

Falmouth, Octob. 7. Yesterday came into this Port the Concord, of 26 Guns, Joshua Johnson Master; the Prophet Samuel, of 14 Guns, John Cornelius Master; and the Peace, of 6 Guns, Lawrence Tunson Master; all three of Middlebourg, and homeward

ward-bound with Sugar from Surinam; two Doggers and a Buss belonging to Rotterdam, bound for Bourdeaux. This Day came in the Jealousy, a Dutch Privateer, of 10 Guns, and with her a French Prize she had taken, called the Santa Ursula of Marseilles, laden with Soap and other Goods for Havre-de-grace.

Plimouth, Octob. 8 Yesterday came in here a Swedish Ship laden with Deals for this Port, and the St. Thomas of Arundel, with Masts for the Dock. This Day came in the Expedition of Dartmouth: She left [illegible]r Majesty's Fleet under the Command of Sir Cloudesly Shovell the 6th Instant 40 Leagues to the Westward of the Lizard. This Evening came in the Regina of Venice, laden with Currans, and bound for London.

Portsmouth, October 10. Her Majesty's Ship the Exeter arrived at Spithead yesterday from the Streights, but last from Torbay.

Kensington, Oct. 12. Her Majesty and his Royal Highness returned hither this Evening from *Newmarket*.

Kensington, October 13. The following most dutiful and loyal Addresses, congratulating Her Majesty upon the most glorious and happy Successes of the Arms of Her Majesty and Her Allies, and more especially those under the Command of his Grace the Duke of *Marlborough*, have been presented to Her Majesty.

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Justices of the Peace, Clergy, and Gentlemen, of the County of *Pembroke*, assembled at the Assizes held for the said County; sent up by *Wy. Owen* Esq; to the Rt. Hon. the Earl of *Pembroke*, Lord President of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy-Council, and Lord Lieutenant of *South-Wales*: Presented, at the Desire and in the Absence of his Lordship, by the Rt. Hon. Mr. Secretary *Hedges*.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Justices of the Peace and Common-Council, Sheriff, Bayliffs, Burgesses, and Inhabitants, of the Town of *Haverford-West*; presented by *John Laugharne* Esq; their Representative in Parliament.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses, of the ancient Borough of *Sudbury* in *Suffolk*: Presented by the Mayor, and a considerable Number of the Aldermen and Burgesses; being introduced by his Grace the Duke of *Grafton*, Lord Lieutenant of that County.

All which Addresses Her Majesty received very graciously.

Whereas the House of Mr. William Greene, at Westminster, was on Wednesday Night the 9th Instant broke open and robbed of a Quantity of Plate: Her Majesty, for the better Discovery of the Offenders, is pleased to promise Her most Gracious Pardon for the said Crime to any Person concerned therein, who shall discover his Accomplices, so as they or any of them may be convicted of the same.

Whitehall, Octob. 13. 1706. C. HEDGES.

And, as a further Encouragement, the said Mr. Greene does hereby promise a Reward of 50 l. to any Person concerned in the said Fact, or any other Person whatsoever, who shall discover those concerned in the same, so as one or more of them may be convicted thereof, to be paid upon such Conviction.

Whereas the Commissioners of the Customs have received a Letter by the Penny Post, signed J. C. *wherein the Person offers to make a Discovery of Frauds in that Revenue: If he will attend the said Commissioners, and make out the same, he shall have all fitting Encouragement.*

Advertisements.

☞ This Day is publish'd, Ramillies: A Poem. Humbly inscrib'd to his Grace the Duke of Marlborough. Written in Imitation of Milton. By Mr. Paris, of Trinity-College, Cambridge. Printed for Jacob Tonson within Grays Inn Gate next Grays-Inn Lane.

☞ Devotions in the ancient Way of Offices. With Psalms, Hymns, and Prayers, for every Day of the Week, and every Holiday in the Year. Reformed by a Person of Quality, and publish'd by George Hickes, D. D. The Third Edition, more correct than the former. Printed for John Nicholson, at the King's-Arms, and John Sprint, at the Bell, in Little-Britain. In 12°. Price 3 s. 6 d. where may be had the same on a Fine Paper, in large 8°. Price 5 s.

☞ The Geographical History of all the Kings and Queens of England, and Monarchs of Great Britain, from the beginning of the Reign of King William the Conqueror, Anno 1066. to this present time; first publish'd to the Reign of King Charles II. by Francis Sandford Esq; Lancaster Herald; and continued down to this Year, 1706. by Mr. Stebbing, Somerset Herald; with the Addition of near 20 curious Cuts. This Work is just finished, and will be ready to be delivered to Subscribers on Monday the 25th of November next: Therefore all Persons are desired to send in their Names, Titles, &c. before the 10th of that Month (in order to have them printed before the Book) to John Nicholson at the King's-Arms in Little-Britain, Robert Knaplock at the Angel and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard, Booksellers; or Mr. Stebbing at the Herald's-Office, near Doctor's Commons; where Proposals may be had, and the Work seen. Note, there are about 120 curious Cuts in this Edition.

☞ The Second Edition of the Peculiar Use and Signification of near 900 Words in the Latin Tongue: The Method new and easy. With Notes, shewing the Similitude of the Latin with the Greek Tongue, and References (now first published, and to be had by themselves, or bound up with the Book,) to the particular Authors from whence the Sentences are taken. By William Willymot, M. A. and Fellow of King's College in Cambridge. The true Books, with the Marks of the stolen counterfeit Copy, is sold only by R. Fary, Druggist, upon London-Bridge, M. Watson, Stationer, in Dean's Court near St. Paul's, and R. Burrough, Bookseller, at the Sun and Moon in Cornhill. Price 4 s. with Encouragement in proportion to the Number bought.

☞ Just publish'd, The Map of 20 Miles round Oxford; shewing the Counties, Hundreds, Ecclesiastical Divisions, Towns, Parishes, Villages, Gentlemen's Houses, Castles, &c. Also the Roads, Rivers, Woods, Parks and Scales, with Alphabetical Tables of all Places contained therein, and how to find any Place in a Minute.: To which is added, an exact Draught of Blenheim Castle, the Duke of Marlborough's House and Gardens at Woodstock. And in consideration the whole contains more (being twice as large) than was at first proposed, it will not be sold under 2 s. 6 d. It will be delivered to Subscribers either in 5 Parts or pasted together; they paying the remainder to Benj. Cole, Engraver, near the Theatre in Oxford.

THE Sale of the Ship St. Stephen, alias the Catharine, burthen about 30 Tuns, and her Lading, consisting of about 17 Tun of French Claret, 3 Pipes and 4 Hogsheads of Brandy, about 5 Tuns of Vinegar, some Barrels of Raisins and Figs, now lying at Weymouth, and lately condemned as Prize, formerly advertised to be sold there on the 20th Instant, which proving to be a Sunday, is deferred till the Friday following, being the 25th Instant. The Goods may be seen in Her Majesty's Warehouses, and the Inventory at Mr. Philip Taylor's, a Merchant there.

AT the Marine Coffee-house in Birchin-Lane, on Thursday the 7th of November next, at Two a Clock precisely, will be put up to Sale, by the Candle, 100 Bales of Coffee, newly landed, in 100 Lots, each Lot about 200 Weight: The Buyer to pay for what he buys in 21 Days after the Sale. The Coffee may be seen a Day before the Sale, from 8 in the Morning till 5 at Night at the Place of Sale, where Attendance will be given.

SToughton's great Cordial Elixir, making Purl in Beer or Ale, Purl-Royal in Sack, and the bitter Draught in Water, Tea or White Wine, in an instant, prepared only by him, Apothecary, at the Unicorn in Southwark, set forth 14 years, being now famous throughout the Three Kingdoms, and beyond Sea, for the Stomach and Blood, rectifying the former from all its Indispositions, and cleansing the latter from its Impurities, as Scurvies, &c. is to be had at his own House, and several Booksellers and Coffee-houses in and about London, and at some such Place in most Cities and great Towns in England, by Mr. Blackwood at Edinburgh, and Mr. Ray at Dublin, at 1 s. a Bottle, Wholesale cheaper. And where it is not yet placed, any Person who first sends, may have it to sell again, with good Allowance, many now selling 40 or 50 Dozen a Year. 'Tis of excellent Use for those that take Bitters when they drink Tunbridge, Bath, Epsom, or other Mineral Waters.

WHereas the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt against Samuel Proctor, late of London, Exchange-Broker, have certified to the Rt. Hon. the Lord Keeper, That the said Proctor hath in all things conformed to the late Act of Parliament, and there not appearing to them any Reason to doubt of the Truth of his Discovery: This is to give Notice, That his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the Act directs, unless Cause be shewn on or before the 4th of November next to the contrary.

WHereas the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt against Benj. Thatcher, late of Southwark, Weaver, have certified to the Rt. Hon. the Lord Keeper, That the said Thatcher hath in all things conformed to the late Act of Parliament, and there not appearing any Reason to doubt of the Truth of his Discovery: This is to give Notice, That the said Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the Act directs, unless his Creditors shall on or before the 4th of November next shew Cause to the contrary.

A Commission of Bankrupt being awarded against John Tutchin, late of Christ Church in the County of Surrey, Merchant, and he having surrendred himself to the major part of the Commissioners, and been examined: These are to give Notice, That he will attend the Commissioners on Tuesday the 29th Instant, at 6 in the Evening, at the Rolls Coffee-house in Chancery lane, London, to finish his Examination, when and where his Creditors may attend, to shew Cause why a Certificate should not be signed pursuant to the late Act of Parliament.

A Commission of Bankrupt being awarded against Joseph Browne, late of Lingfeild in the County of Surrey, Grazier, and he having surrendred himself to the major part of the Commissioners, and been examined: These are to give Notice, That he will attend the Commissioners on Tuesday the 29th Instant, at 3 in the Afternoon, at the Irish Chamber in Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination, when and where his Creditors may attend, to shew Cause why a Certificate should not be signed pursuant to the late Act of Parliament.

A Commission of Bankrupt being awarded against John Bulley, late of London, Sword-Cutler, and he having surrendred himself to the major part of the Commissioners, and been examined: These are to give Notice, That he will attend the Commissioners on Tuesday the 29th Instant, at 3 in the Afternoon, at the Irish Chamber in Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination, when and where his Creditors may attend, to shew Cause why a Certificate should not be signed pursuant to the late Act of Parliament.

WHereas the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt against William Mason, late of London, Merchant, have certified to the Rt. Hon. the Lord Keeper, That the said Mason hath in all things conformed to the late Act of Parliament, and there not appearing to them any Reason to doubt of the Truth of his Discovery: This is to give Notice, That his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the Act directs, unless his Creditors shall on or before the 4th of November next shew Cause to the contrary

A Com-